ESTR 3102

Gentoo Installation and Kernel Compilation

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Thanks to Dr. Q. Huang and Dr. T.Y. Wong for their slides :)

Outline

- Pre-installation
- Installation
 - 1. Boot from Gentoo installation CD
 - 2. Prepare the disk partitions
 - 3. Prepare the base system
- Kernel Compilation
 - 1. Get kernel source and configure kernel options
 - 2. Compile kernel
 - 3. Set up the new system

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Pre-installation

- Tools to host a virtual machine (VM)
 - e.g. VirtualBox, VMware Player
- Gentoo installation image (iso)
 - [HK Mirror] <u>http://goo.gl/bfyQpU</u>
 - [CSE] <u>http://goo.gl/w83eT6</u>
- Enable VT-x for Intel CPU
 - An option available in BIOS (if CPU supports VT-x)
 - Disabled by default (as far as I know ...)
 - Required for running 64-bit VMs

Pre-installation

1. Create a new VM

- For VMware, choose "I will install the operating system later" at the first step
- Size of Hard Disk : no less than 12GB
- 2. Edit VM setting
 - Select the Gentoo CD image for CD-drive

Pre-installation

- 3. Prepare the resource USB
 - Download and place the following files into the topmost directory of your USB
 - Stage tarball: <u>http://goo.gl/YxTj8P</u>
 - Portage tarball: <u>http://goo.gl/FPma4v</u>
 - Kernel configuration file (VMware): http://www.cse.cuhk.edu.hk/~hwchan/estr/config-vmware
 - Kernel configuration file (VirtualBox): http://www.cse.cuhk.edu.hk/~hwchan/estr/config-vbox
 - Around 375 MB in total
 - (File size in Bytes)

94293	Sep	16	15:07	config-vbox
99264	Sep	16	15:07	config-vmware
171430444	Sep	16	15:07	<pre>portage.tar.bz2</pre>
221347440	Sep	16	15:08	<pre>stage3.tar.bz2</pre>

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Step 1. Boot from Gentoo CD

- Boot VM from CD
 - Press "Enter" when the VM boots up

ISOLINUX 4.04 2011-04-18 ETCD Copyright (C) 1994-2011 H. Peter Anvin et al Gentoo Linux Installation LiveCD http://www.gentoo.org/ Enter to boot; F1 for kernels F2 for options. Press any key in the next 15 seconds or we'll try to boot from disk._

Press "Enter" to use default keyboard setting

Step 1. Boot from Gentoo CD

- Boot VM from CD
 - After pressing "Enter" twice,

Welcome to the Gentoo Linux Minimal Installation CD!

The root password on this system has been auto-scrambled for security.

If any ethernet adapters were detected at boot, they should be auto-configured if DHCP is available on your network. Type "net-setup eth0" to specify eth0 IP address settings by hand.

Check /etc/kernels/kernel-config-* for kernel configuration(s). The latest version of the Handbook is always available from the Gentoo web site by typing "links http://www.gentoo.org/doc/en/handbook/handbook.xml".

To start an ssh server on this system, type "/etc/init.d/sshd start". If you need to log in remotely as root, type "passwd root" to reset root's password to a known value.

Please report any bugs you find to http://bugs.gentoo.org. Be sure to include detailed information about how to reproduce the bug you are reporting. Thank you for using Gentoo Linux!



• Show hard disk information

```
livecd ~ # fdisk -l /dev/sda
Disk /dev/sda: 12 GiB, 12884901888 bytes, 25165824 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
livecd ~ # _
```

• Disk partition plan

Partition	File System	Size	Usage
/dev/sda1	(boot loader)	2MB	BIOS boot
/dev/sda2	ext2	128MB	Gentoo boot
/dev/sda3	(swap)	1024MB	Swap partition
/dev/sd4	ext4	All the rest	Root

1. Create the partitions (first two partitions)



1. Create the partitions (last two partitions)

Command (m for help) n Partition type primary (2 primary, 0 extended, 2 free) D extended (container logical partitions) Select (default p) p P Partition number (3,4, default 3) (Press "Enter") (Press "Enter") First sector (268288-25165823, default 268288): Last sector, +sectors or +size{K,M,G,T,P} (268288-25165823, default 25165823): +1024M Created a new partition 3 of type 'Linux' and of size 1 GiB. +1024M Command (m for help): n Partition type primary (3 primary, 0 extended, 1 free) D extended (container for logical partitions) Select (default e): p (Press "Enter") Selected partition 4 (Press "Enter") First sector (2365440-25165823, default 2365440) Last sector, +sectors or +size{K,M,G,T,P} (2365440-25165823, default 25165823): Created a new partition 4 of type 'Linux' and of size 10.9 GiB. w (Confirm and write the partition table to disk !!) Command (m for help) w The partition table has been altered. Calling ioctl() to re-read partition table. Syncing disks.

2. Mark the partitions



3. Outcome

livecd ~ # fdisk −l /dev/sda

Disk /dev/sda: 12 GiB, 12884901888 bytes, 25165824 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes L/O size (minimum/ontimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes							
Dicklahol tumo: doc							
	viskiabel type, aus						
Disk identifier: $0x350651ef$ (it is alright to be different)							
				0			/
Device	Boot	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Id	Туре
∕dev∕sda1		2048	6143	4096	2M	ef	EFI (FAT-12/16/32)
∕dev∕sda2	¥	6144	268287	262144	128M	83	Linux
∕dev∕sda3		268288	2365439	2097152	1 G	82	Linux swap / Solaris
∕dev∕sda4		2365440	25165823	22800384	10.9G	83	Linux

- 4. Create file systems
 - mkfs.ext2 /dev/sda2
 - mkfs.ext4 /dev/sda4
 - # mkswap /dev/sda3
- 5. Enable swap
 - # swapon /dev/sda3
- 6. Mount file systems
 - mount /dev/sda4 /mnt/gentoo
 - mkdir /mnt/gentoo/boot
 - mount /dev/sda2 /mnt/gentoo/boot

Step 3. Prepare the Base System

- 1. Mount the resource USB
 - Connect USB
 - For VMware, at the top right-hand corner
 - 💁 <u>P</u>layer 🔻 📙 🔻 📇 🏹 🦏 🕞 👘 🖾 🗀 💷 🖾
 - For VirtualBox, at the bottom right-hand corner

🗿 🤌 📴 📖 💷 🔟 🛛 🐼 📑 Right Ctrl

- Make sure the resource usb is the ONLY usb connected to the VM
- # mkdir /mnt/usb
- mount /dev/sdb1 /mnt/usb
- # ls /mnt/usb

localhost ~ # ls /mnt/usb config-vbox config-vmware portage.tar.bz2 stage3.tar.bz2

Step 3. Prepare the Base System

- 2. Extract the stage tarball
 - u # cd /mnt/gentoo
 - " # tar xjpf /mnt/usb/stage3.tar.bz2
- 3. Mount (special) file systems
 - mount -t proc proc /mnt/gentoo/proc
 - mount --rbind /sys /mnt/gentoo/sys
 - mount --rbind /dev /mnt/gentoo/dev
- 4. Enter the new environment
 - " # chroot /mnt/gentoo /bin/bash
 - " # source /etc/profile
 - " # export PS1="(chroot) \$PS1"

(chroot) livecd /

Step 3. Prepare the Base System

- 5. Mount the resource USB (again)
 - mkdir /mnt/usb
 - mount /dev/sdb1 /mnt/usb
- 6. Extract portage tarball
 - " # tar xjf /mnt/usb/portage.tar.bz2 -C /usr

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Kernel Compilation

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Step 1. Get Src. and Config. Kernel

- 1. Get kernel source code
 - # emerge gentoo-sources
- 2. Configure kernel options
 - # cd /usr/src/linux
 - EITHER manually configure the options
 - # make menuconfig
 - (press "Enter" to jump to menu, press "Space" to change an option)
 - Configure based on <u>Reference</u>
 - OR copy the configure file
 - For VMware, # cp /mnt/usb/config-vmware .config
 - For VirtualBox, # cp /mnt/usb/config-vbox .config

Step 2. Compile Kernel

- 1. Compile and install
 - # make
 - # make install
 - " # make modules_install

Step 3. Set up the New System

- 1. Set up grub bootloader
 - " # emerge sys-boot/grub"
 - # grub2-install /dev/sda
 - mkconfig -o /boot/grub/grub.cfg
- 2. Set up root password
 - # passwd

Step 3. Set up the New System

- 3. Set up /etc/fstab
 - # nano /etc/fstab

# <fs></fs>	<mountpoint></mountpoint>	<type></type>	<opts></opts>	<dump <="" th=""><th colspan="2"><dump pass=""></dump></th></dump>	<dump pass=""></dump>	
# NOTE: If your	BOOT partition is Rei	iserFS, add	the notail option to	opts.		
/dev/sda2	∕boot	ext2	defaults,noat	time	02	
/dev/sda4	/	ext4	noatime	01		
/dev/sda3	none	swap	SW	0 0		
/dev/cdrom	/mnt/cdrom	auto	noauto,ro	0 0		
∕dev∕fd0	∕mnt∕floppy	auto	noauto	0 0		

Press "Ctrl + x", "y" and "Enter" to save and exit

Step 3. Set up the New System

- 4. Set up the network
 - " # cd /etc/init.d/
 - For VirtualBox,
 - # ln -s net.lo net.enp0s3
 - # rc-update add net.enp0s3
 - For VMware,
 - # ln -s net.lo net.eno16777736
 - # rc-update add net.eno16777736
- Reboot !
 - # reboot
- Login as "root"

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- Gentoo Handbook
 - https://wiki.gentoo.org/wiki/Handbook:Main_Page
- Gentoo HK Mirror
 - http://gentoo.aditsu.net:8000/
 - "release": CD images and stage tarballs
 - "snapshots": portage tarballs
- Kernel Options
 - [VirtualBox] http://gentoo-en.vfose.ru/wiki/Virtualbox_Guest
 - [VMware] https://forums.gentoo.org/viewtopic-t-961502.html

Appendix

- If you power off the machine just before kernel compilation, do the following steps before resuming the compilation
 - Installation: Enable swap and mount file systems: Step 2.5-2.6
 - Installation: Mount (special) file systems and enter the new environment:

Step 3.3-3.4

Appendix

- For VMware,
 - To get more time for entering BIOS or boot menu, add the following option to the end of ".vmx" file after power off
 - bios.bootDelay = "5000"
 - This option tells the player to delay for 5 seconds before booting from the default device
 - This will be useful when hard disk is bootable but you want to boot from other devices, e.g. CD, removable drives